

## All Farmers Invited to Attend Field Day

The annual Field Day and Picnic sponsored by the Mountain View Co-operative Marketing Association Limited, will be held at the O.S.A. grounds on Saturday, July 24th, commencing at 11:00 a.m.

Following are the speakers for the day: Hon. D. B. Mullen, provincial Minister of Agriculture; Dr. R. D. Sinclair of the University of Alberta; Mr. F. Baker, representative of Canada Packers; Mr. Logan Layton, Hog Grader of the Dominion Livestock Branch.

Bring your lunch basket and make a day of it. Tea and coffee will be furnished.

All farmers are cordially invited to attend whether members of the Association or not.

A demonstration on hog grading will be given. Farmers, make it a point to attend and you will find the Field Day and Picnic not only an enjoyable outing, but also an instructive one.

## Wins Scholarship to Art School

Miss Beatrice Kendrick was the successful contestant for the Didsbury district and was awarded a scholarship to the Banff School of Fine Arts which will be held during the month of August.

Miss Joyce Morgan will also spend about two weeks at the Art School.

## 3 BIG \$ DAYS

Friday, Saturday and Monday  
July 23, 24 and 26

Clearance of  
**LADIES' WHITE SHOES**  
\$1.00 \$1.49 \$1.99

Ladies Gloves 25c per Pair

Ladies & Children's  
Polo Shirts 59c and 89c

Men's  
**FORSYTH SHIRTS**  
Regular \$2.00  
2 for \$3.00

**LASTEX TOP SOCKS**  
2 Pairs \$1.00

**MANY OTHER BARGAINS**  
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## Says Thistles Best Killed Next Week

Eckville, Alta.—Advocate of a system of destroying Canada and Sow Thistle by attacking them in their weaker moments, John Mottus, who farms near this little town west of Red Deer, announces campaign dates for 1937.

Farmers can rid their fields of the thistles by cutting, pulling or mowing them July 28, 29, 30 and 31, reported the Eckville exterminator, who bases his calculations on meteorological and astrological observations.

Mottus, interested in agricultural research, claims there is a certain period in the growing season when the weed is most susceptible to extermination. The time varies each year.

## Obituary.

Mrs. Anna Dickau

Funeral services for Mrs. Anna Dickau were held at the Evangelical Church, Didsbury, on Sunday afternoon, Rev. A. S. Caughell officiating. The remains were then taken to Ponoka, where interment took place on Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Anna Dickau (nee Witting) was born in Prairie du Lac, Wisconsin, on November 3rd, 1852, and departed this life near Didsbury, Alberta, on July 15th, 1937, aged 84 years.

In 1879 she was united in matrimony with John Dickau at Wahoo, Nebraska. To this union were born seven children.

In 1883 they moved to Atkinson, Nebraska, where they resided until 1902, when they moved to Ponoka, Alberta. Mr. Dickau died there on January 7th, 1917, and Mrs. Dickau moved to Didsbury in 1918, where she made her home with her son Charles.

Mrs. Dickau had been a lifelong member of the Evangelical Church, being converted in childhood. Her parents before her were Evangelicals, and her home was always a home for Evangelical ministers.

She leaves to mourn their loss, five sons, Charles, of Didsbury, Fred, Sam and Ben, of Ponoka, and Herman, of Bentley, also one daughter, Mrs. Mike Shaw, of Didsbury. One son died in infancy. She also leaves three brothers and three sisters, the youngest of whom is 71 years old. Her twin sister is still living in Wisconsin. Besides these there are 28 grandchildren, two great-grandchildren, and a host of friends.

Like Paul she had learned whatsoever her lot, therewith to be contented, for she never complained. The world has lost one of its saints. She will be sadly missed by her family and friends.

Mrs. Agnes B. Kerr

Mrs. Agnes Brown Kerr passed away at her home at Fallen Timber on Friday, July 16th.

Mrs. Kerr had made her home at Fallen Timber for the past 3½ years, but was very well known in the district, having made periodical visits to the district for a good many years previously. She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. B. H. Hemming of Vancouver, B.C. and Mrs. Percy Fair of Elkton.

The remains were shipped to Vancouver on Wednesday, where they will be buried at sea. The Durrer Funeral Home had charge of local arrangements.

## Crop Prospects Are Improved

The rain last week considerably improved the crop prospects in this district. Over two inches of moisture was recorded which in many cases was the salvation of the crops. Many farmers in the west country say they will have almost a normal crop, while east of town the crop prospects are far more encouraging than a week ago. Several good showers are reported in different parts of the district during the present week.

The feed situation has improved and the pastures have been much benefited.

## Wheat Board Policy to be Known Soon

The Dominion Government will decide soon, possibly this week, what the policy of the Canadian Wheat Board will be regarding the coming wheat crop. J. G. Murray, Winnipeg, chairman of the board, Tuesday met the wheat committee of the cabinet and the committee will shortly submit recommendations.

The committee is composed of Hon. W. D. Euler, chairman, Hon. Charles Dunning, Hon. J. G. Gardiner and Hon. T. A. Crerar.

## WEDDINGS

HAWKES—AMES

FORT WILLIAM, Ontario.—An interesting wedding took place at Fort William on June 25, when Janet M., eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. Ames of Grand Prairie, Alberta, became the bride of Mr. George J. Hawkes, only son of Mr. and Mrs. H. Hawkes of Didsbury, Alberta.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Mr. Melvor of the United Church of Canada. Later the happy couple travelled by the Great Lakes route to Toronto and Niagara.

Mr. and Mrs. Hawkes will reside in South Porcupine, Ontario, where Mr. Hawkes is metallurgist for the Dome Gold Mines.

The bride received her R.N. from the University of Alberta Hospital with the class of '34, and Mr. Hawkes took his degree in Mining and Metallurgy from the University of Alberta in '35.

## DIDSBURY MARKETS.

### WHEAT

No. 1 Northern	1 19
No. 2	1 16
No. 3	1 11½
No. 4	1.04
No. 5	.94
No. 6	.88
No. 1 C.W. Garnet	1.14
No. 2 C.W. Garnet	1.11

### OATS

No. 2 C.W.	.45
No. 3	.42
Extra No. 1 Feed	.42
No. 1 Feed	.40

### BARLEY

No. 3	.50
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### BUTTERFAT

Delivered Basis at Crystal Dairy	
Table cream	30c
Special	23c
No. 1	21c
No. 2	18c

### EGGS

Grade A	18c
Grade B	13c
Grade C	11c

### HOGS

Select	9 10
Bacon	8.60
Butcher	8.10

## Didsbury Fair Next Wednesday

\$200 In Prize Money Offered For Harness and Running Races.

The Agricultural Fair & Races which will be held next Wednesday promise to be a bigger event than we have had for some years.

A large entry of livestock is assured, most of the cattle and horsemen in the district having expressed their intentions of exhibiting the best of their stock. In addition to the regular prize list the special prizes provided by the merchants will also attract a large exhibit in the exhibition building.

In addition to the regular exhibition the Didsbury Dairy Calf Club will hold their annual fair, and the youngsters will exhibit the results of their efforts for the past two or three years. A special judge has been appointed.

The judging of livestock at the fair will commence at 10 a.m.

The biggest program of horse races that has been seen here in recent years has been provided by the sports committee and over \$200 in prize money is being offered for the different events.

Four events have been arranged and there will be three races in each event. There will not be a dull moment on the race track from 1:30 to 5:30.

Following are the race events:  
2.25 Trot or Pace; 3 heats, each heat a race. Purse \$100.  
2.30 Trot or Pace; 3 heats, each heat a race. Purse \$60.  
Open Run ½ Mile; best 2 out of 3. Purse \$30.  
½ Mile Run 14.3 and Under; best 2 out of 3. Purse \$15.

## At the Movies.

July 23-24:	"Garden of Allah"
"30-31:	"Small Town Girl"
Aug. 6-7:	"Beloved Enemy"
"13-14:	"Fury"
"20-21:	"Lloyds of London"
"27-28:	"San Francisco"

## Didsbury Softball Club Enters Playoffs

Didsbury Flashes have again entered the intermediate softball play-downs and started the series at Calgary on Wednesday afternoon playing against the Calgary Foresters, one of the leading teams in the city league.

The return games, which will be a double-header, will be played at Didsbury on Saturday at 4:15 p.m. and 7:15.

This year the Didsbury team will be greatly strengthened and expects to give any opponents a good run for their money.

They have already made a good showing, having won the tournament at Innisfail when they played four games and ran up a score of 54 to their opponents' six. They also won the tournament at Melvin last Wednesday, beating the strong Melvin team in two straight games.

## Grasshopper Bait Available.

The Municipal District of Mountain View, No. 310, is on the edge of the grasshopper infested area and a number of cases of infestation have been reported.

Farmers are warned to make close examination of crops and if hoppers are found in numbers grasshopper bait should be distributed.

Grasshopper Bait will be available this week and can be obtained free on application to the municipal office.

A. Brusso, Secretary.

**Clearance of Ladies White Shoes**  
Reg. \$2.95 to \$3.95  
**\$1.75 to \$2.95**  
**Children's Shoes**  
98c to \$1.25

All Summer Dresses  
at Reduced Prices

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Main Street

## New Arrivals AT SPECIAL PRICES

**Large Assortment of Fancy Flower Vases**  
Your Choice **29c**

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Good Quality Lightweight Mirrors. Solid wood backs.  
**59c**

### BOYS WAGONS

A New Shipment of Solid Steel Wagons, roller bearing and rubber tires. Priced **\$1.95 to \$6.50**

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Large Assortment of Water Sets, Fancy Colors and Shapes **\$1.49**

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SHARPENING STONES. ROPE  
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WATER BAGS

"CASE" Mowers and Rakes



## A Great Menace

The automobile speed artist is a great menace on the highways but he is not the greatest source of danger to the lives and limbs of other users of the open roads.

The man who drives at night with one light ablaze and the other extinguished perhaps epitomizes the maximum peril on the highway, not only to himself and other occupants of the car he is piloting but to other drivers and the occupants of their automobiles. Certainly as a potential destroyer he ranks only second to the driver with liquor-laden breath.

The one-light driver is dangerous to the drivers and occupants of other cars whom he meets travelling in the opposite direction, because the "safety" driver is unable to tell whether the single light is on the high or the off side of the approaching car. If it happens to be the off side light that is burning the driver meeting him may be fooled and make insufficient allowance for clearance. The result is a terrific crash, serious injuries and perhaps death.

The natural instinct of the "safety" driver meeting a one-light car is to give the other fellow as wide a berth as possible, because of the uncertainty as to which side of the approaching car is lighted. But here, too, there is a risk that he may plunge into the ditch in his efforts to ensure adequate clearance.

Under any conditions the one-light driver is a danger to others as well as to himself, but particularly is this the case when cars travelling in the same direction are passing one another with a single-lamp car approaching in the opposite direction.

Distances at night time are deceptive, even to the most experienced drivers. When both lights are burning it is not too easy to gauge the distance and speed of an approaching car. To many drivers the oncoming car from the opposite direction may appear a considerable distance away whereas it is actually close at hand and vice versa.

The only guide that one has as to distance and the speed of an automobile approaching at night time is the apparent distance between the two lamps and the rapidity with which this distance diverges as the car approaches.

At a considerable distance away the two lights of the approaching car appear to be practically merged into one. Observing this, the "safety" driver perceives that he has plenty of time to pass a car in front of him proceeding in the same direction and pull back on to the right side of the road before the car travelling in the opposite direction passes.

But, if instead of the approaching car being an automobile with two lights showing at a considerable distance away, it is a car with only one lamp alight close by and approaching at speed, the drivers and occupants of three cars are in deadly peril and through no fault of any person except the operator of the one-light car.

It is probably doubtful whether the operator of a one-light car has any conception of the risks he runs and of the peril that he is to other night travellers on the highway, or he would surely not embark on such a mad enterprise without first seeing to it that both lamps are in good working order.

If he does appreciate the risks that his defective lighting system entails and knows of their condition, then he can only be regarded as guilty of gross and culpable recklessness and should be dealt with in the light of such an indictment.

There are occasions, no doubt, when one of a pair of headlamps will become extinguished through a globe burning out, a short circuit or some other defect which has developed after the night journey has commenced. Under those circumstances the operator cannot be held as culpable as the driver who fares forth on a trip, knowing in advance that he can show only one light and who does not remedy the defect before darkness sets in. Even the former, however, if he is as alert as he should be, should be able to perceive by the appearance of the beam on the road ahead of him that one of his lamps is not giving service.

The man with the glaring headlights on his car is a dangerous driver but the driver only showing one light is a still greater menace and the man who knowingly drives on the highway with only one lamp burning should be brought to book on every possible occasion and dealt with without compunction.

Such cases should be reported to the authorities by all travellers on the highway who have occasion to come in contact with them or to observe them and the law should be allowed to take its course without let or hindrance.

Until the driving public fully appreciate the seriousness of the offence and report every infraction which comes to their attention, the one-light driver will continue gaily on his way with death at his elbow ready to claim him and those whom he meets.

### Enlarge Panama Canal

#### Plans Drafted For Work That Will Require Ten Years To Complete

Panama canal officials disclosed preliminary plans are being drafted to enlarge the "big ditch" at an estimated cost of \$150,000,000. A bigger canal, they said, will be necessary to take care of an expected increase in traffic.

It was emphasized that work on the plans would probably take 10 years. Another 10 years would be devoted to construction, and the proposed new locks would not be in operation before 1960. Installation of the new locks would cost approximately \$150,000,000.

Early lamp-wicks were made of dried reeds or moss. In succeeding centuries they were made of flax or silk.

## WILSON'S

## FLY PADS

## REALLY KILL

One pad kills flies all day and every day for 2 or 3 weeks. 3 pads in each packet. No spraying, no stickiness, no bad odor. Ask your Druggist, Grocery or General Store.

10 CENTS PER PACKET

WHY PAY MORE?

THE WILSON FLY PAD CO., Hamilton, Ont.

### Preserving Ancient Art

#### Work Of Indians Being Perpetuated In Saskatchewan Clay

Cameron Worcester, B.A., LL.B., of Saskatoon, is perpetuating in native clay ancient arts of the North American Indians and their contact with trail blazers of the old west.

The potter who is 29, and son of Prof. W. G. Worcester, head of the department of Ceramics, University of Saskatchewan, turned from law to study early art of the Redmen.

Young Worcester learned that Saskatchewan clays, which have not been used to any great extent, offer an ideal medium for the potter's art, and many fields are yet to be explored.

He has modelled heads of Sioux chiefs and Cree in headdress and warpaint, but most of his work is given to nature studies. He has found Indians preferred to draw animals and birds.

### Scenery Can Be Enjoyed

#### View In Australia Is Not Blocked By Billboards

When Australians go motoring they can take in whatever scenery is handy without having their view blocked by billboards. In the state of Victoria alone, not a billboard is to be seen on 10,000 miles of highway. W. T. B. McCormack, chairman of the state's country roads board, said. He has just completed a month's study of western Canadian and United States road systems.

A comet's tail always points away from the sun.

2209

### Rules Over Island

#### South African Pays Small Sum Yearly To Cover Lease

"Who would like to be king of a pleasant island set in sub-tropical seas . . . Lord of all he surveys down to the sands which are lapped by waves breaking in from the Pacific Ocean?" asks a writer in the Johannesburg Star. "And with the price of his throne only six pounds a year?"

Who would not? There is a South African who has achieved this. His name he wishes to keep, but anyone reading this who guesses it from his initials, A. T. A., is entitled to do so. For A. T. A. has gone out of the world as we know it and has bought one of his own.

It is a delightful world. Situated in the midst of coral-channelled seas, among other islands which are gems of sapphire set above white sands and fringed with blue waters, where the sun is a powerful filter and the moon a soft, tropical veil; in fact, where every prospect pleases exceedingly and even man is not so vile—the world of the Great Barrier Reef of Australia.

He has made an amazing purchase. Merely by paying the Australian Government £6 a year he has been given the lease of an island in Barrier Reef waters. For a little more than 2s.-a-week he has made himself a king. A. T. A.'s first "Royal" act has shown his appreciation of his bargain. Previously his island was marked on charts as Carlisle Island. Now, by a decree royal extraordinary, it is known as Paradise Island.

### Attracts Many Tourists

#### Every Year Sees Increase In Parties Visiting Russia

More than 100 conducted tours from this continent will visit the Soviet Union this summer, according to Vladimir E. Pavlov, president of Intourist Inc., travel representatives for the U.S.S.R. A majority of the parties will make studies and observations of special phases of Soviet life, while others will go for general travel interest. Mr. Pavlov says the number of organized parties to the U.S.S.R. is increasing yearly.

Kulper: I am convinced that our baby looks like me.

Hattigan: I wanted to say the same thing, but I was afraid you would be offended.

## BABY'S OWN SOAP

Best for You and Baby too

### An Important Discovery

#### Glass Drinking Horns Used By Saxons 1,400 Years Ago

Glass drinking horns which were filled with mead to slake the Saxon thirst about 1,400 years ago have been unearthed in a sandpit between Rainham and Upminster, Essex, England.

G. T. Carter, a Romford archaeologist, who found the decorated curved horns, also unearthed relics of the stone, bronze and iron ages.

Some of them are on exhibition at the British museum, where an official described them as "sensational."

"The horns are the finest ever found in this country," Mr. Carter said.

"The discoveries are so important because they show that this tract of marsh and forest in South Essex has been in almost continuous human occupation."

"Hitherto there has been no evidence of Saxon life on the north bank of the Thames, and it was believed that the Britons held the north side of the estuary."

### SELECTED RECIPES

#### NINE-DAY PICKLES

Wash four quarts of cucumbers and cut in generous pieces. Cover with strong brine for three days (½ cup salt to 1 quart water); drain. Let stand in clear water for three days. Change the water daily. Drain; simmer in weak vinegar for three hours. Add a piece of alum the size of walnut after the first hour. Drain; put cucumbers in a crock. Make a syrup of:

- 3 pts. white wine vinegar
- 3 lbs. brown sugar
- 2 lb. can Crown Brand Corn Syrup
- 1 oz. whole allspice
- 1 oz. whole cinnamon
- 1 oz. celery seed

Pour the boiling syrup over the pickles and let stand for 24 hours. Drain; again bring syrup to boil and pour over pickles. Repeat for three consecutive days in all. Seal in sterile jars or use from the crock. Makes 6 pints.

### Air Hero Penniless

Capt. Errol Boyd, first Canadian to fly the Atlantic, has fallen on evil days. The man who was commissioned as a general in the army at Haiti and has spent 7,200 hours in the air, has received an eviction order in his home town, Toronto. His furniture has been seized and he faces the prospect of soon being homeless, penniless with his wife and four daughters.

There are 1,100 kinds of animals and insects in the world, with thousands of varieties of each, it is estimated.

### Annual Payment Due

#### Sixty Thousand Canadian Indians Will Get Treaty Money

Officials of the Indians Affairs branch of the department of mines and resources, travelling by air, canoe and on foot, will leave shortly for the isolated districts of Northern Canada for the annual distribution of treaty money to the Indians.

Aboriginal settlers who have been ceding their rights to the Dominion as frontiers push northward during the past 60 years, receive an annual gift of \$4 per head, and collection of this money is the big event of the year among the Indians.

Treaty Indians are found in parts of Ontario, and in Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, and the Northwest Territories but there are none in Quebec, the Maritime Provinces or British Columbia. They are those who themselves signed away their aboriginal rights to territory or direct descendants of treaty signers. Children of Indians marrying whites are not eligible.

There are about 112,000 Indians in Canada, and approximately 60,000 receive the \$4 per head treaty money annually. The Indian population is slowly increasing.

### Cannot Supply Demand

#### Telephones Scarce In Japan So People Buy Them

There is a telephone shortage in Japan, the only country in the world where subscribers have to "buy" their telephones instead of renting them.

Every year the ministry of communications offers a certain number of telephones for sale. This year 55,000 were offered to the public and 787,549 applications were received.

The post office accepts ordinary applications for a telephone, but there is such a long waiting list that it may not be installed for years. So telephones are bought and sold through brokers at a high premium.

Some people find as much pleasure in whining about their misfortunes as other do in boasting of their good luck.

## for BITES

## MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT



## To Maintain Fertility Of Western Soils The Use Of Fertilizers Will Be Needed

The initial fertility of the western prairie soils has been demonstrated on many occasions by high yields of high quality wheat. The high yields have been more or less maintained in certain districts, while in others there has been a gradual decrease in yield which cannot be entirely attributed to a lack of moisture or competition from weeds.

The essential elements which the plants take from the soil in the largest quantities are nitrogen, phosphorus, calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sulphur. The other essential elements which are derived from the soil are generally present in amounts far in excess of the plants' needs. Plant growth, however, is not dependent on the total amount present, for the plant roots can absorb only the material dissolved in the soil moisture. Because of this fact, the productivity of a soil cannot be accurately gauged by the total amount of the essential elements present. Climatic and biological factors play an important role in changing the soil constituents from an unavailable to a soluble form.

The low precipitation of the prairie areas has prevented the loss, by leaching, of appreciable quantities of soluble salts. As a result, we find that the prairie soils contain large reserves of calcium, potassium, magnesium, and sulphur. It is doubtful if the application of these elements would have any beneficial effect on crop yields at the present time.

The nitrogen content of a soil is dependent on the amount of organic matter present. This is in turn influenced by climatic conditions and vegetative cover. The low precipitation of the prairie areas has not promoted a rank vegetative growth, with the result that the soils are rather low in organic matter and nitrogen. These substances are found close to the surface, owing to the shallow root systems of the prairie grasses. The loss of surface soil by drifting often results in serious damage to the fertility of the land, because the upper layers contain the major portion of the nitrogen.

Phosphorus is more evenly distributed than nitrogen at the different depths in the soil. There is a certain amount of variation, for the soil layers containing the most organic matter also contain the most phosphorus, as the plant roots absorb phosphorus at various depths and concentrate it in the plant. When the plant dies, this material is deposited on the surface where it accumulates or is carried into the soil after decomposition takes place. Phosphorus is not required in very large amounts by the cereals, but as it generally occurs in forms that are only slightly soluble, the plant may have difficulty in securing an adequate amount for maximum development, even when the soil contains a comparatively high concentration. A deficiency of any one of the essential elements will have a very pronounced effect on plant growth, even when the other essential elements are present in adequate concentration.

The heavier soils generally contain more nitrogen and phosphorus than the lighter soils. This fact is reflected in the greater productivity of the clay and clay loam soils when compared with the light sandy soils in areas of equal precipitation.

The use of commercial fertilizers on the prairie soils has gradually increased during the past few years. This is to be expected, for agricultural history shows that any land which is cropped more or less continuously, eventually reaches a condition when fertilizers are needed. The initial fertility of the prairie soils has prolonged the period during which the application of fertilizers was not economical. Years of low rainfall and low yield have also tended to conserve the supply of plant nutrients. During a year of adequate or high rainfall, the prairie soils that have been cropped for 20 years or more would likely give an increased yield if supplied with an additional amount of nitrogen and phosphorus. During the drier years, it is doubtful if such would be the case, for there might not be sufficient moisture to carry any increased plant growth.

It is logical to expect that as time goes on and the amount of available plant food in the soil gradually becomes less, the use of fertilizers will become more general. The prairie soils, though having a high initial productive capacity, are not inexhaustible, and if farmed continuously will eventually need applications of plant nutrients in some form if profitable crops are to be produced.

### Home Canned Berries

#### Raw Canning Method Can Be Used Successfully

As the berry season advances, the housewife is all anticipation, for there is nothing more satisfying to her than the knowledge that in this good berry year there will be a fine array of different kinds of berries on her well stocked pantry shelf of home-canned fruit and vegetables. The berry family is an efficient source of vitamins. Blackberries contain vitamin A, which is essential to the growth of youth; and currants, gooseberries, and raspberries are excellent sources of vitamin C which prevents scurvy.

No equipment for canning is necessary other than that found in the ordinary kitchen—sharp knives (preferably of stainless steel), a colander, bowls, measuring cups, enamel pie plates, wooden spoons, a wide-mouthed funnel for filling jars, and a jar lifter to save burned fingers when taking jars from the sterilizer. The sterilizer itself may be the common wash boiler, the steam pressure cooker, or the oven. Strawberries, raspberries, and rhubarb may be canned successfully by what is known as the raw canning method. Pack in jars; cover with boiling syrup; place on newspaper in a tub and pour boiling water into the tub to cover the jars three inches over the top. Place a blanket or rug over the tub and leave until cold. In pouring the boiling water into the tub, care should be taken not to pour directly on the jars.

In the process of sterilizing the berries, there is a choice of one of four methods, namely, hot water bath at 212 degrees Fahrenheit; steam pressure of five pounds; oven, or steam cooker. For blackberries and blueberries the time is 20 minutes in the hot bath; or ten minutes of 5-lb. steam pressure; or 35 minutes in the oven at 275 degree Fahrenheit, or 30 minutes in the steam cooker. Gooseberries require 16 minutes in the hot bath, or ten minutes steam pressure or 30 minutes in the oven, or 25 minutes in the steam cooker. The same times apply to raspberries, and strawberries require 35 minutes in the oven.

Full information as to the canning of fruits and vegetables will be found in the household bulletin "Canning Fruits and Vegetables" which may be obtained free on application from the Publicity and Extension Branch, Dominion Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

### Queen Mary's Private Life

#### Is Not Fashioned On Dignity Required In Public

Though no Royal lady ever bore herself with greater dignity when occasion requires, Queen Mary, to whom the Empire's affectionate greetings have gone on her 70th anniversary, has no liking for rigid etiquette in private life.

There is a story of a housemaid, just promoted to the upper regions of Buckingham Palace, being taken aback on hearing whistling in the corridor leading to Queen Mary's bedroom.

She was still more astonished on discovering that the whistler was the Queen herself.

As all who come in contact with her know, the Queen Mother has a keen sense of humour and a gift of genuine laughter.

It was Keir Hardie—no flatterer of Royalty—who once declared that Her Majesty's was the most cheerful laugh he had ever heard. News of the World.

The invention of half-tone engraving revolutionized the advertising art.

### National Parks In Western Canada

#### Twelve Thousand Square Miles Set Aside As Playgrounds

To the Canadian Rockies and other scenic areas of Canada's great West come thousands of tourists each year from all parts of the world to enjoy the exceptional opportunities offered for rest and recreation. In these vast regions the Government of Canada has set aside in National Parks more than 12,000 square miles as playgrounds where all may sojourn close to nature but with the comforts and amenities of modern civilization. It is one of the chief charms of the Rockies that one may travel through the very heart of the region by luxurious trains or motor cars and find accommodation to suit almost every pocket-book, yet half an hour's walk from the railway or motor road Nature is found as wild, as solitary and as beautiful as it was a century ago.

There are thirteen National Parks in Western Canada—nine scenic parks and four animal parks. Like the recreational and historic parks situated in the eastern part of the Dominion, they are administered by the Dominion Government through the National Parks Bureau of the Lands, Parks and Forests Branch of the Department of Mines and Resources. Eternal vigilance is exercised to preserve the beauty and grandeur of the forests from the dangers of fire, and to safeguard the rich heritage of wild life within the park boundaries. By the construction of good roads and the provision of other modern conveniences of travel not only is the purpose for which the National Parks were set aside being realized, but the greatest possible enjoyment of these great natural treasure houses is afforded both the citizens of Canada and the visitors within her gates.

With the exception of Glacier National Park, on the summit of the Selkirk range in southeastern British Columbia, reached only by rail, all National Parks in Western Canada are accessible by automobile.

### Descendant Of Confucius

#### Chinese Girl Says Orient Is Adopting Western Customs

Miss Rosamonde Kung, direct descendant of Confucius, rouged, European-dressed, is in London from China. Her father is Minister of Finance, Vice-President of the Executive Yuan.

Her lovely suite at Grosvenor House is heavy with oriental perfume. Miss Kung looks like a delicate Chinese doll, talks like the go-getting, up-to-the-minute American collegiate that she is.

She said to me: "I love London. For once, in the Western civilization, I've found something that compares with Old China, the China which emphasized background and good breeding and respect."

"Shanghai is a daring mixture of Eastern and Western customs. We girls go in for law, medicine, aviation, banking and politics. I love politics." London Sunday Pictorial.

## Dominion Proposals For Joint Youth Training Plan With Aid Of Provinces

### Home Safety Education

#### Problem In Connection With Prevention Of Accidents

If a proper understanding has to be reached of the educational problem in connection with prevention of accidents in the home, more attention will have to be paid to the psychology of the general indifference to home safety education, Dr. N. L. Burnette, Ottawa, told the convention of the Canadian Public Health Association.

Dr. Burnette's observations related to a paper presented by Miss Yvonne Baudry, of the vital statistics branch of the Dominion bureau of statistics. The document covered the circumstances of accidental deaths in Canada in 1936.

Marked differences between the sexes in the incidence of accidental deaths were noted, said Miss Baudry. Moreover, each period of life had certain forms which characterized it more than any other. An important class in the death of infants was that of suffocation by overlaying. Between the first and fifth years, children were exposed to dangers from burns and scalds, to drownings in the course of their play and to vehicular accidents. These latter occurred owing to the child's lack of sense of danger "and perhaps the carelessness of those who should have guarded them," said Miss Baudry.

Boys had a larger mortality rate from accidents than girls between the fifth and 15th birthdays, owing to their greater recklessness and the more hazardous activities in which they engage. In adult life industrial accidents played a considerable part, as well as traffic accidents and drownings.

Finally, in old age deaths occurred, which had to be attributed to violence, but in which the fragility of the decedent was largely responsible.

### Works With Mirror

#### Toronto Dentist Pulls And Fills His Own Teeth

Dr. S. M. R., Toronto, (he would not permit any more of his name to be used), knows what it is to hear himself say, "This will hurt just a little." For the dentist pulls and fills his own teeth. "It's all done with mirrors," he explained. "It was a little awkward at first especially with back molars. But I think I can make as good a job of my own teeth as any other dentist. It's cheaper, too! I have been doing my own work for years!"

Dr. S. M. R. paused to grind at his tooth, keeping his eyes on his work by means of a mirror on a cabinet. A clean, neat "crow's foot" and then came the silver filling and the job was finished.

### Embroider Her in Wool or Silk



PATTERN 5805

Such a cuddly, cozy pussy-cat! Can't you just picture her nestling on a soft pillow, or lying up a picture for the kiddies' room? Stitch her fluffy outlines in woolly yarn or angora, and see how lifelike Miss Puss appears! A charming motif that "goes" very quickly, and is grand as a bit of pick-up work for odd moments. Send for the easy pattern, and plan your color scheme to-day! In pattern 5805 you will find a transfer pattern of a cat 9 1/2 x 12 1/2 inches; a color chart and key; material requirements; illustrations of all stitches used.

To obtain this pattern send 20 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred) to Household Arts Dept., Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave. E., Winnipeg.

There is no Alice Brooks pattern book published

### Cow Takes Prize

#### Captures Ayrshire Breeders' Association Meritorious Production Gold Medal Certificate

Picken's Patty, an Ayrshire cow owned by the Consolidated Mining and Smelting Company of Canada, at Trail, B.C., has won the 18th Canadian Ayrshire Breeders' Association meritorious production gold medal certificate for cows giving more than 100,000 pounds of milk during their lifetime production, it was announced.

The cow, also awarded the 18th Canadian membership in the select Hundred Thousand Pound Club of the American Ayrshire Breeders' Association, has produced 106,422 pounds of milk, 4,239 pounds butterfat in six lactations, or 2,130 milking days. Her average production was 17,736 pounds milk, 706 pounds butterfat per lactation, "a really remarkable record for any cow," the association announcement said.

### China's First Paper Mill

China's first paper mill and wood pulp plant combined has just been opened near Canton. It was designed, constructed, and equipped by Swedish architects, engineers, and manufacturers. A Swedish engineer and two Swedish foremen, head the mill, but the workers are all Chinese.